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Kingston, 2

of the may be extended that to send his M.D. In ay ma written Faulti-however, the "Chis name, in his

The two communications to the Montreal Gazette now published were sent to that paper and returned on the ground of "pressure on its columns." The one to the News was refused insertion because "it could do no good." Subsequently the whole three were sent to the Toronto Lancet, and returned by the Editor, with the accompanying note; - "I regret to say that the pressure on the space in the Lancet is so great that I cannot find room for your letters." As these letters are more calculated to do good to the profession than any matter by which they have been "pressed" from the columns of the papers to which they were sent for publication, they are now given publicity, for the benefit of the profession. They are intended, the intelligent portion of the profession will observe, to check the illegitimate and quackish means, so common now-a-days, by which practitioners attempt to bring themselves into public notice.

CANADA MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

(To the Elilor of the Montreal Gazette.)

Sig. Your issue of the 26th contains the "Annual Address" of the President of the Medical Association. The fifth of the seven columns occupied by said windy compound of blue book and stealings from addresses of others professes to lay before the Association the President's notions on Medical Literature and Expert Testimony. Under these headings, he relates a case which he says occurred in his neighborhood, in which "the unfortunate surgeon in attendance, a well educated experienced man, paid three hundred dollars and costs to stop a prosecution against him, because old practitioners were willing to swear that a case of second stage of hip disease was a thyroid dislocation." As, sir, I am one of the "old practitioners" who was "willing to swear" that said case was one of "thyroid dislocation," and Michael O'Sullivan, M.D., President of the Canada Medical Association, was (To the Editor of the Montreal Gazette) location, and Michael O'Sullivan, M.D., its ident of the Canada Medical Association, was the person "willing to swear" that the case was "a second stage of hip joint disease," I charge the said Michael O'Sullivan, M.D., with was "a second stage of hip joint disease," I charge the said Michael O'Sullivan, M.D., with having impudently stated to the Association what he knew to be untrue. In making this charge, sir, I am supported by the "unfortunate surgeon and experienced man" himself, Herbert James Saunders, a "graduate" of 1869 of the private School of Medicine in Kingston, Indicrously termed a "Royal College of Physicians and Surgeons," who was compelled to admit, under oath, at the Fall Assizes of 1883, Thomas Horace McGuire, Esq., Q.C., being the counsed examining tor plantiff, that both he and Doctor K. N. Fenwick, a graduate of 1874 of the same "Royal College," had dugnosed and treated the case as one of dislocation. I am further supported by the factmost important it will be admitted that the "unfortunate" patient, Laura Miller, living on William street, Kingston, may now be seen, more than two years after her falling out of bed and her right leg being caught by the bed-clothes, a cripple for lite, walking, by aid of a crutch, with the head of the femur not in the acetabulum, but in the thyroid foramen, and

crutch, with the head of the femur nor in the meetabulum, but in the thyroid foramen, and the right leg an inch longer than the left. Having been taught Anatomy by Knox. Fer-gussen and McFurlane, his Demonstrators, teaching Operative Surgery—and by Munro, with Goodsir as his Demonstrator, having had with Goodsir as his Demonstrator, having had my lessons in Surgery impressed upon me by Ruesel, Ballingall, Liston, and Syme; having taught Anatomy and Physiology in the University of Queen's Cellege during the whole time it had a Medical Faculty; and having practised Surgery for fifty years; it may possibly be presumed, by the Canada Medical Association, that I know a little more of joints and their discusses than those into whose dense crania I endeavored to hammer the amount of and their discuses than those into whose dense cranta I endeavored to hummer the amount of anatomical and physiological knowledge I con-sidered it necessary they should possess be-fore being entrusted with the lives of their others.

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Yours truly, JOHN STEWART.

Kingston, 28th August.

ABDOMINAL SURGERY.

(To the Elitor of the Mondreal Gazette.)

(To the Ellior of the Modreal Guzette.)

Sin. The Guzette of the 27th has an Address
on Abdominal Surgery, delivered before the
Canada Medical Association by Mr. Lawson
Tait. In that address Mr. Tait says: "In 1883
I beard my master, the Professor of Surgery
in the University of Edinburgh, settle this
vast field of human progress in the few words 'Abdominal Surgery is abominable surgery Lyan, the greatest surgest by the value scale larger by the contact, shared his colleague's riews, and, in both, these views originated far less in the merits of abdominal surgery than in their mutual dislike (almost surgery than in their mutual dislike (almost the only aentiments they had in common of John Lizar." I take it, sir, that Lynn is printed for Syme, and that Lizar is printed for Lizars. Permit me then to say that Mr Tait has caused to be published an unfounded statement against "the greatest surgeon by far with whom he has aver came in contact." In 1863, when Mr. Tait informs us he was studying at Edinburgh, I visited Europe, and was it Edinburgh a great part of the winter.

was in Edinburgh a great part of the winter, —meeting almost daily my old teacher Syme, and conversing with him on surgical subjects. Amongst them was Ovariotomy, to the fiterature of which I had pail considerable attention. I was invited by Syme to meet at dinner another of his papils, his House Surgeon. Thomas Keith, who was then distinguishing himself by his success in Ovarios my; and was subsequently driven around Edinburgh by Keith, to examine patients that he had operated on, patients on whom he intended to operate, and to be present at his operations during my stay in Edinburgh. To say then that Syme denounced Abdominal Surgery, because he had a personal dislike to Lizars, is to cast unmerited edium on the memory of 'the greatest surgeon by far with whom Mr. Tait has ever come in contact." When and where, sir, did Mr. Tait "ever come in contact." with Syme, to qualify him to be a judge either of Syme's abdility as a surgeon, or of his personal dislike of Lizars?

Another of my surgical teachers, sir, the world-Amongst them was Ovariotomy, to the litera-ture of which I had paid considerable atten-

distike of Lizars?

Another of my surgical teachers, sir the world renowned Listen, whose brilliant operations I witnessed during the years 1829–30, 31, 32, 33, at Edinburgh, used to denounce the abdominal surgeons of his day as "bloody helly rippers;" the unsuccessful helly ripping of the followers of the "herois Kentuckian" withfur, Listen is a large as "Advanced," belly ripperas: the unsuccessful helly ripping of the followers of the "heroic Kentuckian justifying Liston in doing so. And, were that great surgeon in Canada to-day, he would find ample ground for the same denunciation: for he would have to go no further West than Kingston to see "heroic" Canadians cutting for evarian tumors when no tumor existed, and causing death by ruppuring the urinary bladder, or, when a tumor diffesse, cutting into its cyst, and fumbling for its pedicle until death finished the operation.

Mr. Tait attributes the smallness of the death-rate of which he boasts, to the employing of good nurses, and the abandoning of Lister's details. What need for nurses, sit, what signify details, if patients are carried from the operating table lifeless? Or if the operator mistakes the urinary bladder for the ovarium? Or cuts into the ovarian cyst and fumbles for its pedicle till the patient is dead?

Sir, in 1864, on my return from Europe, and the state of the contract of the contra

the Governors, which was published at the time, in relation to a case of "Abominable Surgery," in which I was called upon to hold an inquest. That letter concludes as follows: "I have been told by John Blair, the brother of the woman, that his sister was induced to undergo the operation, by Dr. Yates telling her that four of every five patients operated on, for her disease, recovered. With some knowledge of Ovariotomy, and a full appreciation of the surgical qualifications of Dr. Yates, it is my bounden duty to inform you, that, in my optnion, the proportion of deaths, in his hands, is almost sure to be teelve out of every dozen operated on. In conclusion, then, let me venture to hope that, guided by an enlightened philanthropy, you, as Governors, will endeavor to have the facts of this letter made public; so that, holding them up as lights, in the path of humanity, they may so shine, that the ignorance and recklessness they expose shall be neither repeated nor imitated."

tates! Such, sir, would in my opinion be the best way of decreasing the mortality from "Abomi-nable Surgery;" exposing the failures and their causes, instead of vainly boasting of

Yours truly, JOHN STEWART, Kingston, 30th August, 1884.

EXPERTS.

(To the Editor of the Kingston News.)

(To the Either of the Amiston Sees.)

Sig.—In the News of the 5th we read: "Dr. Sullivan will leave in a few days for Woodbridge to give expert evidence in a case of alleged malpractice." Permit me, then, to inform your readers who are interested in the doings of the "Experts" of Kingston, that, alleged malpractice." Permit me, then, to inform your readers who are interested in the doings of the "Experts" of Kingston, that, from information supplied by Dr. Sullivan, Dr. Thomas R. Dupuis "will leave in a few days" for Gamanoque "to give expert evidence in a case of alleged malpractice," that Dr. Sullivan will be "employed" by the defendant, and Dr. Dupuis by the plaintiff; and that, thus. Dr. Pupuis "erndite," "witty," and humorous" President of the Medical Association, will be "willing to swear" one thing and Dr. Dupuis another thing. So the President himself states in his "Address." Curiously enough, sir, both "Experts" are M.D.'s made by Dr. Stewart, when Queen's College had a Medical Faculty: Dr. Sullivan having been been made an M.D in 1858, thus obtaining his licence to practise Physic, Sargery, and Midwitery; and Dr. Dupuis in 1860.

It will be interesting, sir, to watch two of Dr. Stewart's M.D.'s giving evidence—one for plantiff, the other for defendant; and great curiosity will no doubt be felt as to their respective claims to be considered experts. Dr. Sullivan is Dr. Dupuis senior by two years. It may be stated, however, to balance this, that Dr. Dupuis attended the Military Hospital at Washington during the summer of 1864, as well as a summer course at the Medical School

washington during the summer of 1864, as ell as a summer course at the Medical School well as a summer course at the Medical School of Harvard University in 1870, and that he subsequently passed an examination before the College of Surgeons, England, to receive the Diploma of that College, whilst Dr. Sullivan has never ventured out of this small Limestone city to supplement the knowledge of the Science and Art of Surgery he acquired

Yours truly.

SAWRONES

Kingston, 8th September.

[&]quot;It may be explained that Michael's rather, Daniel O'Sullivan, waited at my table, and that this caused him to send his son to me, to be converted into an M.D. In ay matriculation book of 1886 his name is written J'Sullivan. In subsequent matriculations, however, the "O" is dropped. This led ms to written bis name, in his Degree, without the patrimonial "O."